DEPARTMENT OF BIOTECHNOLGY GOVT. DEGREE COLLEGE BARAMULLA

SEMESTER 1st (NEP)

MAJOR/MINOR COURSE

SUBJECT: BIOTECHNOLOGY

TITLE: (BIOMOLECULES STRUCTURE AND FUNCTION) **Code:** BBT22C101 CREDIT: (4+2) THEORY: 04; PRACTICAL: 02 CONTACT HOURS: 64 (T) + 64 (L)

Course Objective:

• To introduce students to the basic concepts of biomolecules

Expected Learning Outcomes:

- Student should be able to measure pH, make buffers, and distinguish between the different levels of protein structure and types of proteins.
- Predict the effect of [S] and [I] on enzyme action.
- Draw the different structures of sugars, calculate the energy released during the oxidation of different sugar molecules.
- Distinguish between different types of lipids and relate with their biological role, draw the structure of nucleotides and nucleic acids.

UNIT-1: AMINO ACIDS AND PROTEINS (16 HOURS)

Physicochemical properties of water; Concept of pH, pK, pI & buffers; Structure and classification of amino acids; Levels of protein structure- primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary; Types of proteins - fibrous and globular proteins; Overview of forces stabilizing protein structure.

UNIT-2: ENZYMES (16 HOURS)

Nomenclature and classification of enzymes; Basic principles of enzyme catalysis; Concept of active site; Enzyme activity and its measurement, factors affecting enzyme activity: pH, temperature, substrate and inhibitor concentration. Michaelis-Menten kinetics; Lineweaver-Burk plot; Enzyme inhibition (competitive, non-competitive and uncompetitive).

UNIT-3: CARBOHYDRATES (16 HOURS)

Introduction and Classification of Carbohydrates, Configuration; Structure and Function of Mono and Disaccharides (Glucose, Mannose, Fructose, Galactose, Lactose, Sucrose).

Polysaccharides: homo and heteropolysaccharides (starch, cellulose, glycosaminoglycans). Breakdown of carbohydrates- glycolysis, TCA cycle, electron transport chain, oxidative phosphorylation.

UNIT-4: LIPIDS AND NUCLEIC ACIDS (16 HOURS)

Nomenclature and properties of fatty acids, Structure and functions of major types of lipids: triglycerides, phospholipids, sphingolipids, sterols. β -oxidation of saturated and unsaturated fatty acids. Introduction to nucleosides and nucleotides: nitrogenous bases, pentose sugars, composition and bonding in nucleotides and polynucleotides. Basic idea of DNA and RNA structure.

PRACTICAL (02 CREDITS)

- 1. Good Lab Practices.
- 2. Introduction to various equipments used in Biotechnology Laboratory.
- 3. Preparation of percent, molar, molal, normal solutions.
- 4. Preparation of standard Buffers and determination of pH of a solution.
- 5. Qualitative tests for carbohydrates.
- 6. Qualitative tests for proteins.
- 7. Quantitative estimation of proteins in a given solution.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

- 1. Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry: Nelson, D. L. and Cox, WH Freeman Publishers, New York.
- 2. Instant Notes Biochemistry: David Hames, Nigel Hooper. Taylor & Francis
- 3. Biochemistry (Latest Edition): Stryer, L., -W. H. Freeman and Company, New York.
- 4. *Biochemistry (Latest Edition):* Voet, D and Voet, J. G. -John Wiley and Sons Inc. New York.
- 5. Understanding Enzymes: Palmer, T. -Ellis Horwood Limited.
- 6. Enzymology: Devasena, T. -Oxford University Press.
- 7. Biochemistry by U Satyanarayana.
- 8. Introductory Practical Biochemistry, S. K. Sawhney, R. Singh, Narosa Publishing House.